



User Manual Secure KVM Switch API

Adder Technology Limited

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Introduction

This guide explains how to use RS-232 to remotely control an Adder Secure KVM switch (AVS-2114, AVS-2214, AVS-4114, AVS-4214), flexi-switch (AVS-4128) and multi-viewer (AVS-1124).

To control a switch using RS232, the user needs to connect a controlling device to the switch's RCU port. The controlling device can be a PC or any custom device with RS-232 capability.

Remote controlling means performing actions that users could otherwise do only using the front panel, including:

- Switching channels
- Audio hold
- Selecting channels to display on left and right monitors (AVS-4128 only)
- Switching KM control between left and right channels (AVS-4128 only)
- Selecting preset layouts and updating window parameters (AVS-1124 only)

Installation

This procedure shows how to connect a switch to a remote-control device. A suitable RS232 cable will be required with an RJ12 connector to plug into the RCU port with the pinout shown below:



Pinout for the RDU port:

- Pin 1: 5V
- Pin 2: Not connected
- Pin 3: Not Connected
- Pin 4: GND
- Pin 5: RX
- Pin 6: TX

Few modern PCs have an RS232 port, so it may be necessary to use a USB or Ethernet adapter.

Operation

Configuring Example Using the PuTTY open-source serial console utility. This procedure demonstrates how to switch channels via RS-232 using a remote control Windows PC.

Pre-configuration

- 1. Install PuTTY on the remote computer.
- 2. Connect a serial cable from the PC's USB port to the switch's RCU port.



- Run the PuTTY utility.
 Configure the Serial, Terminal and Session settings, as per figures 1 to 3

- Session	Options controlling local serial lines		
Logging Terminal Keyboard	Select a serial line Serial line to connect to	СОМ6	
Bell Features Features Window Appearance Behaviour Translation Selection Colours Connection Data Proxy Telnet Rlogin Serial	Configure the serial line Speed (baud) Data bits Stop bits	115200 8 1	
	Parity Flow control	None V	

Figure 1: PuTTY Serial Settings

	Set various terminal options Auto wrap mode initially on DEC Origin Mode initially on Implicit CR in every LF Implicit LF in every CR Vuse background colour to erase screen Enable blinking text Answerback to ^E: PuTTY		
	Line discipline options		

Figure 2: PuTTY Terminal Settings



, Session	Basic options for your PuTTY session	
Logging	Specify the destination you want	to connect to
Keyboard Bell	Serial line COM6	Speed 115200
Features ∋ Window	Connection type: Raw Telnet Rlogin) 🔿 SSH 💽 Serial
Appearance Behaviour Translation	Load, save or delete a stored ses Saved Sessions	ssion
Colours	Default Settings	Load
- Data		Save

Figure 3: PuTTY Session Settings

Note: At this point, the device starts sending Keep-Alive events, every five seconds.

Keep-Alive events are transmitted by the switch periodically to communicate the current configuration. For example, to switch a KVM to Channel 4, the user types: #AFP_ALIVE F7

Then, every five seconds, the device sends the following keep-alive event: 00@alive fffffff7 as shown in Figure 4.

P COM17 - PuTTY	- 0	x
~00@alive fffffff7		_
~00@alive fffffff7		
~00@alive fffffff7		=
~00@alive fffffff7		
~00@alive fffffff7		
~00@alive fffffff7		
		Ψ.

Figure 4: Keep-Alive Events

The interval time of keep-alive events can be changed, using the #ANATA command followed by a time period operand in units of 0.1 second. Thus:

- #ANATA 1 gives an interval of 0.1 seconds
- #ANATA 30 gives an interval of 3 seconds



KVM Switches

To switch channels, enter the #AFP-ALIVE command followed by a channel number operand. For example, to switch to channel 3, enter:

#AFP_ALIVE FB

Channel #	Operand
1	FE
2	FD
3	FB
4	F7
5	EF
6	DF
7	BF
8	7F

Figure 5: KVM Switch Channel Operands

To toggle the audio hold button, enter the command #AUDFREEZE 1

Flexi-Switch

To switch channels, enter the #AFP-ALIVE command followed by a left/right side and channel number operand. For example, to switch to channel 3 on the left monitor, enter:

#AFP_ALIVE FFFB

Left Side		Right Side	
Channel #	Operand	Channel #	Operand
1	FFFE	1	FEFF
2	FFFD	2	FDFF
3	FFFB	3	FBFF
4	FFF7	4	F7FF
5	FFEF	5	EFFF
6	FFDF	6	DFFF
7	FFBF	7	BFFF
8	FF7F	8	7FFF

Other commands:

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- Toggle the audio hold button: #AUDFREEZE 1
 - Toggle KM focus between left and right sides
 - Left: #AFP_ALIVE FEFFFF
 - Right: #AFP_ALIVE FDFFFF

Multi-Viewer

Command Structure

The command structure is comprised of the following 4 fields: <pre-amble> <command> <operand1> <operand2>



Where:

- There is a space between each field
- The pre-amble is either #ANATL or #ANATR, where:
 - #ANATL equals the key sequence Left CTRL | Left CTRL
 - o #ANATR equals the key sequence Right CTRL | Right CTRL
- Commands require 0, 1 or 2 operands
- Command success: Upon successful command execution, the device returns the output: command + OK
- Command failure: Upon failure, the device returns the output: command + Error Message
- To initiate a new serial connection, enter #ANATF 1

Command List

The command is a translation of the keyboard hotkey listed in an Appendix of the Multi-Viewer User Manual (MAN-000007). Example translations are:

Description	Hotkey	API Command
Load preset #3	Left Ctrl Left Ctrl F3	#ANATL F3
Switch to channel #4	Left Ctrl Left Ctrl 4	#ANATL 4
Maximize active channel to full screen	Left Ctrl Left Ctrl F	#ANATL F

Figure 7: Example commands

The most common commands are likely to be loading a preset and positioning and resizing windows on the display. The general format of the command to move and resize a window is:

#ANATL F11 END <Channel> <Operation> <Location>

Where:

<Channel> is 1 to 4

<Operation> is:

- 1. Window top left X location (0 to 100%)
- 2. Window top left Y location (0 to 100%)
- 3. Window X extent as percentage of total X width
- 4. Window Y extent as percentage of total Y height
- 5. X offset (the location of the window compared to the full image size when bigger).
- 6. Y offset (the location of the window compared to the full image size when bigger).
- 7. X scaling as a percentage
- 8. Y scaling as a precentage

<Percent> is a 4 digit number in increments of 0.01%

Note that where dual monitors are used in Extend mode, the percentages relate to the total display size. For example, to set the window for channel 1 to occupy the 4th quadrant:

Description	API Command
Set the window top left X position at half display	#ANATL F11 END 1 1 5000
Set the window top left X position at half display	#ANATL F11 END 1 2 5000
Set window X extent to half screen	#ANATL F11 END 1 3 5000
Set window Y extent to half screen	#ANATL F11 END 1 4 5000

Figure 8: Set Channel 1 to 4th quadrant (single monitor)



Note that the commands change slightly when using dual side by side monitors:

Description	API Command
Set the window top left X position at half display	#ANATL F11 END 1 1 2500
Set the window top left X position at half display	#ANATL F11 END 1 2 5000
Set window X extent to half screen	#ANATL F11 END 1 3 2500
Set window Y extent to half screen	#ANATL F11 END 1 4 5000

Figure 9: Set Channel 1 to 4th quadrant of left monitor

There is one command that doesn't adhere to the aforementioned pattern, Audio Hold. To toggle the audio hold button, enter the command:

#AUDFREEZE 1